

COMPUTER STUDIES

GENERAL OBJECTIVES

The aim of the Unified Tertiary Matriculation Examination syllabus in Computer Studies is to prepare the candidates for the Board's examination. The objectives of the syllabus are designed to test candidates' understanding, knowledge and acquisition of:

- 1. Evolution of Computing Systems
- Basic concepts of computer and its operations
- 3. Problem solving skills, data processing and practical skills in Computing
- System software and Application Software.
 Operations of Basic computer hardware Input, Output, Memory and Central Processing Unit
- 6. Application of Online resources and Online skills
- 7. Ethics and human issues in computing
- 8. Career Prospects in Computing

The syllabus is divided into nine sections as given below:

- A. Evolution of Computing
- B. Fundamentals of Computing
- C. Computer Application Pack D. Managing Computer Files Computer Application Packages
- E. Computer Maintenance and Safety Measures
- F. Information & Communication Technology (ICT)
- G. Developing Problem-Solving Skills
- H. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics
- I. Computer Ethics and Human Issues

DETAILED SYLLABUS

SECTION A: Evolution of Computing

	TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES		OBJECTIVES
1.	Hi	story of computing	Candidates should be able to:
	а. b. c.		i. Identify the various computing devices since the beginning of counting/computing - Abacus - Slide Rule - Napier's Bones - Pascal Calculator - Leibnitz Multiplier - Jacquard Loom - Charles Babbage's Analytical Engine - Hollerith Census machine and - Burrough's machine.

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
	ii. Discuss the contributions and uses of each of the founders of these devices: - ENIAC - EDVAC - UNIVAC 1 - Desktop Personal Computers, etc
2. Classification of computing devices	Candidates should be able to:
a. By Generation	Relate each generation with its characteristic feature.
b. By Size	 First, Second, Third, Fourth to current generation.
c. By Purpose d. By Type	ii. Describe each generation under the following: - Year of Development - Basic components/Type of Technology - Speed of operation - Storage Capacity/Component
	Explain the differences in the classification of computing systems by size (micro, mini, mainframe, and super)
	iv. Differentiate among the various types of modern computer systems in respect of sizes and basic components, data and usage
	- Personal Computers - Desktops - Laptops - Tablets - Hand-held - Servers - Workstations - Mainframes - Wearable - Super Computers Digital - Analog - Hybrid - Special purpose - General purpose - etc.
	v. State the importance and use of these computing systems

SECTION B: Fundamentals of Computing

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1. Overview of Computing Systems	Candidates should be able to:
a. Two main constituents of a computer (hardware and software) b. Characteristics of computers c. Type, examples and uses of computer hardware	i. Define Computer system in relation to its nature and programmability ii. List functional parts of computer systems iii. Explain the characteristics of computers (Electronic, Accuracy, Speed, interactive, Reliability, Consistency, Large Storage etc.) iv. Identify the differences between hardware and software
d. Logic Circuits	Condidates streets to attack
d. Logic Circuits e. Types, examples and uses of software	Candidates should be able to: i. Define and give examples of hardware devices ii. List components of computer hardware, their functions and different types -Central Processing Unit, Peripherals (Input and Output devices) and Storage media iii. Explain the differences between input and output devices iv. Explain the functions of major input devices and give examples of the major input devices (keyboards, mouse, scanner, joystick, light pen, voice, digital camera, etc.) v. Explain the classification of keys on the keyboard (function, numeric, alphabetic, cursors. vi. Explain the features, functions and operations of the mouse vii. Explain the differences among keyboard, mouse, light pen and scanner, digital camera and output devices viii. Define and give examples of output devices (monitor, printer, speaker, plotters) ix. List the different types, features and uses of each output device above.
	Explain the similarities and differences among inkjet, laser and line printers
	xi. List the components of CPU - Arithmetic and Logic Unit (ALU), Control Unit (CU) and
	Registers. xii. Explain the functions of ALU, CU and Registers.
	xiii. Distinguish between Primary and Secondary
	Memory (Storage) units xiv. List the components of Primary Memory Unit (Random Access Memory (RAM), Read Only Memory (ROM))
	xv. Explain the uses and differences between RAM and ROM

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
TOTICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	xvi. Explain the functions of secondary (auxiliary) storages xvii. List different types of secondary storages xviii. Give examples of secondary storages (Floppy disks, magnetic tape, hard disks, compact disk (CD), Digital Video Disk (DVD), USB, etc.) xix. Carry out comparative analysis of auxiliary storage devices in respect of size, speed, cost and technology (access mode, component, etc.). xx. List different units by which storage are measured and their relationships - bits, bytes, nibbles, words, kilobytes, megabytes, gigabytes, terabytes etc. xxi. Relate the relationships between Micro, Mega, Giga, and Terra bytes. Candidates should be able to: i. Define

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
	Candidates should be able to:
	Differentiate between system and application software.
	ii. List different types of System software (Operating Systems, Utility Software, Middleware, Device Drivers, Translators, etc.) iii. Define Operating System (OS) iv. List functions of OS v. List different types of OS User Interfaces (Text (Command Line and Menu) and Graphical User Interface (GUI)) vi. Give examples of Operating Systems (MS Windows, LINUX, UNIX, etc.) vii. Discuss different OS on phones, iPad (Android, Blackberry, iPhone, etc.) viii. Define Utility Software ix. List functions of Utility Software x. List different types of Utility Software xi. Give examples of Utility Software (Editors, Anti-Virus, etc.) xiii. Explain the functions of Translator Software xiv. List the different categories of translators (Interpreter, Assembler and Compiler) xv. Explain the differences among the categories of translators.
	Candidates should be able to:
	i. List examples of application software and their usage ii. Differentiate between open source and proprietary software iii. Different methods of acquiring Application software (Built in house and Off the Shelf) iv. Explain the differences between User
	Application program and general-purpose Application packages v. Give examples of common off the Shelf Application packages and their examples Word Processing (MS Word) - Spreadsheet (Excel)
	- Database (Access) - Presentation (PowerPoint) - Graphics (Adobe Photoshop) - Accounting (Sage) - Payroll (Sage)
	Government (Remita) Banking (Fusion Banking Essence) Statistics (SPSS) Educational (SchoolShell) Hospital (eHospital), etc.

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
2. Data and Information	Candidates should be able to:
a. Differences between Data and Information	Define data and information List properties of information
b. Data representation.	Candidates should be able to:
c. Methods of Digitisation	i. List different types of data types (integers, real numbers, strings, multimedia (image, audio/visual, signal etc.) ii. Identify ways of representing and handling data, that is number bases with special reference to binary, decimal, hexadecimal etc. Candidates should be able to: i. Define digitization ii. Explain the process of digitalization(manual, heads-up, interactive tracing, automatic) iii. List different formats of digitized data (image, audio, video, motion, text, multimedia, etc.)

SECTION C: Computer Application Packages

	TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1.	Word Processing package	Candidates should be able to:
	(a) General concept	Define word processing, and give examples of word processing packages. (MS Word,
	(b) Creating and saving documents	WordStar, WordPerfect, Open Word, etc.,) ii. Identify features of Word Processing packages
	(c) Editing, formatting and insertion	in general (create, save, edit, insert, print, share etc.)
	(d) Printing	iii. List the application areas of Word Processing packages (Office, Publishing, Journalism,
	(e) MS Word	Education, etc.)
	i. Features	Candidates should be able to:
	ii. Launch MS Word	i. Launch effectively MS word.
	iii. Basic operations	Perform MS Word basic operations create, edit, save, retrieve, print, copy and move. etc.
	iv. Other operations	iii. Use different types and sizes of fonts
		iv. Perform MS Word operations of: v. Format, justify, search/explore, etc Carry out spell checking and file merging
		operations vi. Close MS Word.

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
2. Spreadsheet package	Candidates should be able to:
(a) General concept (b) Creating and saving documents (c) Editing, formatting and insertion (d) Printing (e) MS Excel i. Features ii. Launch MS Excel iii. Basic operations iv. Other operations	i. Define Spreadsheet and give examples of Spreadsheet packages. (MS Excel, VisiCalc SuperCalc, SPSS, Calc etc.) ii. Identify features of Spreadsheet packages in general (Environment, Status bar, menu bar, formula bar, etc.) iii. List the application areas of Spreadsheet packages (Accounting, Engineering, Statistics, Calculation, what- if-scenarios, Education, etc.) Candidates should be able to: i. Launch effectively MS Excel. ii. Define basic terms in MS Excel. iii. Use MS Excel to: create, edit, save, retrieve, and print spreadsheet documents. iv. Use data types in MS Excel (Number, Labels, Formula etc.) v. Perform basic operations in MS excelData Entry, Saving, Retrieve, move, copy, etc.) vi. Perform arithmetic calculations using formula and inbuilt functions, etc. vii. Use different types and sizes of fonts viii. Perform additional MS Excel operations (Formatting, Editing, Printing, Drawing charts etc.) ix. Close MS Excel.
3. Database package	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Definition of Database and examples of database packages	 Define Database and give examples of Database packages. (Dbase, Foxbase, MS Access, Oracle, etc.)
(b) Database organizations	ii. Define basic database terms (File, Record, Field, key, form, table, etc.)
(c) Different features of database format	 List and explain different types of database organisation (Hierarchical, Network and Relational.)
(d) Basic operations of Database using MS Access	iv. List the application areas of Database in different organizations (Office, Home, Education, Government, Hospital, Agriculture,
(e) Create database using MS Access	etc.)
(f) Carry out operations on existing database using MS Access.	

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
Presentation Package (a) Definition of Presentation package and examples of Presentation packages	Candidates should be able to: Define Presentation and give examples of Presentation packages (MS PowerPoint, Windows Movie Maker, Micromedia Flash, impress, Apple keynotes, etc.)
i. Features of PowerPoint Environment ii. Steps in activating an existing PowerPoint iii. PowerPoint operations	ii. Explain features of PowerPoint Environment (Animation Painter, Video Editor, create a video of you presentation, Automatic Ribbons Toolbars, Transitions, Sections, Cropped Tool, Mask Feature, Effective Preview, Screen Shot, Smart Guides,) iii. Explain steps in activating a PowerPoint presentation iv. Perform PowerPoint operations to: - Create new presentation - Insert pictures, text, graphs, animated contents, add new slide etc. - Save presentation, run slide show, print presentation, close presentation etc.
Web Design Package (a) Definition and examples of Web Design Packages (b) Uses Web Design Packages (c) Elements of Web design using Dreamview	i. Define and Give examples of Web design package (HTML, XML, Dreamweaver, Rapidweaver, Google Web Designer, Microsoft Sharepoint Designer, Net Object Fusion, Xara Web Designer etc.) ii. List Elements of Web Design - Navigation - Visual design - Content - Web friendly - Interaction - Information Accessibility - Intuitiveness - Branding - Turnaround time - Conversion etc. iii. Use Dreamweaver for: - Social Media Management - Social Media Marketing - Website Design & Web Development - Pay Per Click (PPC) Management and Advert Consulting etc.

SECTION D: Managing Computer Files

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1. Concept of Computer Files	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Definitions of basic terms	Define some basic terms (File, record, field, data item etc.).
(b) File organisations	ii. Identify and use of basic data types (numeric, alphabetic, and alphanumeric)
(c) Methods of accessing files	iii. Explain the relationship among file structure items (Data item – field - record-file-database)
(d) File classifications	
(e) Criteria for classifying files	Candidates should be able to:
	i. Classify files according to how they are organised. (Serial, Sequential, Index and random) ii. Access files as appropriate (Serial, Sequential and Random). iii. Classify files into: - Master - Transaction - Reference iv. Explain the criteria used in classifying files - Nature of content (Program and Data) - Organization method - Storage medium - Date - Size etc.
2. Handling Computer Files	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Basic operations (b) Data Loss	i. Perform basic file operations - Create, Delete, Retrieve, Insert, Copy, View, Update, Open, Close etc.
(c) Security	ii. Identify causes of data loss - Overwriting
(d) Computer versus manual files	- Overwriting - Inadvertent deletion - Hardware malfunction - Virus attack - Theft - Arson - Natural Disaster etc.
	iii. Use different methods of securing data and maintaining its integrity - Backup - Antivirus

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
	Personal Identification Number Biometrics Passwords Proper labelling of storage devices CCTV Physical Security Fire Extinguisher Smoke Alarms etc.
	Compare the advantages and disadvantages of computer and manual file (security, speed of access and creation, cost of setup and maintenance, electricity supply, etc.)

SECTION E: Computer Maintenance and Safety Measures

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1. Booting and shutting down process	Candidates should be able to:
	i. Define booting ii. List the two types of booting process (cold and warm booting) iii. Explain the difference between cold and warm booting. iv. Explain the steps involved in booting and shutting down a computer system
2. Computer Maintenance	Candidates should be able to:
	Perform general cleaning of the computer system Charge and replace battery for portable systems and UPS Clean drive lens Perform simple hardware and software maintenance Recover data from a crashed system
3. Computer Room Management	Candidates should be able to: i. Define proper sitting arrangement ii. Position the monitor, keyboard, CPU, Mouse and other peripherals appropriately iii. Ensure Proper illumination of the computer room iv. Maintain a dust free environment v. Keep liquid away from computer room vi. Keep strictly to laboratory rules and regulations

SECTION F: Information & Communication Technology (ICT)

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1. Communication Systems	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Definitions and Acronym of ICT	State the full meaning of the acronym ICT Define ICT
(b) Types and examples of ICT	ii. Define ICT iii. List types of ICT. - Broadcasting - Telecommunication - Data Network - Information Systems - Satellite Communication, etc. iv. Give examples of Broadcasting - Radio broadcasting - Television Broadcasting - Satellites Broadcasting etc. v. List types of Telecommunications - Public Switched Telephone Network (PST) Land Line - Mobile phone system - Circuit Switched Packet Telephone System (CSPT) - Satellite Telephone System - Fixed Wireless Telephone System etc, vi. List types of Data Network - Personal Area Network (PAN) - Local Area Network (LAN) - Metropolitan Area Network (MAN) - Wide Area Network (WAN) - Intranet - Internet etc. vii. List types of Information System - Data Processing System - Global Positioning System (GPS), etc.
2. Application areas of ICT	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Application areas (b) ICT based Devices	i. Define Applications Areas of ICT: - Teleconferencing - Video conferencing - Telecommuting - Telecomputing - Messaging - Information search, retrieval and archival systems - E-Learning - Telemedicine - E-Commerce - E-Government - E-Library, etc.

	TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
		ii. List types of ICT Devices: - Mobile phones - Computers - Automated Teller Machines (ATM) - Dispensing Machines - Point of Sale Machines - Automated Cash Register (ACR) - Radio sets - Television sets - Scanners, etc.
3.	Internet	Candidates should be able to:
	(a) Definition of terms	Define Internet Define and illustrate use of:
	(b) Internet Browsers	- Home page - Browse
	(c) Features of Internet Browsers	- Browser - Chatroom
	(d) Internet Services	- Cybercafe - Http - Html - ISP - Webpage - Website, etc. iii. Access the Internet through any of the browse - Internet Explorer - Opera - Firefox - Cometbird - Ubuntu - Google Chrome - Phoenix, etc. iv. Explain features of the Internet Browsers - Title Bar - Menu Bar - Tool Bar - Address Bar - Icons - Search Bar - Uniform Resource Locator (URL)/Hypertext link, etc. v. Describe the use of different types of Internet services: - Electronic Mail (e-mail) - E-mail Discussion Group - Instant Messaging/Chats - Virtual meeting platforms - File Transfer Protocol (FTP)

	TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
4.	Electronic Mail	Candidates should be able to:
	(a) Definition	Define Electronic Mail and Chatting List e-mail services:
	(b) E-mail Service (c) Steps involved in creating and opening mail (email box, and chatting) (d) Features of e-mail address	Creating e-mail address Composing e-mail Sending/receiving e-mail Adding attachments Chatting Creating mailing list/group etc. Explain the features in an e-mail address e.g. xyz@jamb.org.ng (user@Domainname) Explain
5.	Networking	the components of domain name.
	(a) Definitions	Candidates should be able to: i. Define computer network
	(b) Network types	ii. List and define various types of Networks:
	(c) Network topologies	- LAN - WAN
	(d) Network devices	- MAN - Intranet - Extranet - Internet iii. Explain the differences in basic network topologies: - Star - Bus - Ring iv. Define and explain the use of network devices: - Hub - Modems - Switches - Routers - Gateway - Repeaters - Access Points Interface (API) - Network Interface Card (NIC), etc.
6.	World Wide Web (www)	Candidates should be able to:
	 (a) Definition and full meanings of acronyms (b) Brief history of WWW (c) Basic terminologies (d) Protocols 	i. Give full meanings of www, HTTP, HTTPS, HTML, XML ii. Explain the history behind www iii. Explain basic terminologies: - www - Website - Webpage - Homepage - Protocol etc.

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
(e) Advantages and disadvantages of www.	iv. Define Protocol and list different types of protocols (http, https, ftp, etc.)
(f) Navigation through websites (g) Software for web development (h) Differences between email and website	v. List uses and benefits of www. - Accessible from anywhere around the globe with the availability of the Internet - access to information or make information accessible to the world - connect to people from anywhere from home - purchase products online anywhere in the comfort of your home - create website for your business and do a lot much more than physical office - communicate with anyone around the world through texts, chats, and emails. - Online course can be completed using www. - Online marketing and branding of businesses - Facilitate establishing professional contacts - Unlimited access to information, etc.
	vi. List disadvantages of www - Risk of data and identity theft - Cyberbullying - Easy spread of fake news - Hacking - Spam mails - Paedophile, etc vii. Navigate through websites www.jamb.org.ng - www.waec.org.ng - www.neco.org.ng
	- www.ui.edu.ng - www.jgiyc.com - www.google.com, etc. viii. Use of software for web development - Frontpage - WordPress - Dreamweaver - Photoshop - Google Web Designer, etc. ix. Differentiate between email and website - xyz@jamb.gov.ng and - www.jamb.org.ng
7. Cables and Connectors	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Network cables and connectors	i. Identify different network cables and connectors:

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
(b) Computer cables and connectors	Cables (Twisted Pair, Coaxial, Fibre Optics, etc.) Connectors (RJ45, RJ11, T-Connectors ii. Identify different types of Computer Cables and Connectors Cables: Power Cables, Data Cables, Printer Cable, Universal Serial Bus (USB), Monitor Cable, Serial Cable, Parallel Cable, etc. Connectors: Male and Female.

SECTION G: Developing Problem-Solving Skills

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1. Programming Language (PL)	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Definition and Classification of PL (b) Advantages and disadvantages of different levels of PL	i. Define Programming Language (PL) ii. Identify different classifications of PL. - Machine Language: interpreted directly in hardware i.e., binary machine code - Assembly languages: thin wrappers over a corresponding machine language i.e., Assembly Language/symbolic language. - High-Level languages: anything that are machine independent i.e., BASIC, C, Java, Fortran 2008, Python, Pearl etc. iii. Give advantages and disadvantages of Machine Language, Assembly Language and High programming Language.
2. High Level Languages (HLL)	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Classifications of HLL	i. Classify High-Level programming Languages into:
(b) Characteristics of HLL	- Scientific - General Purpose
(c) Translators	- Business - Object oriented - Procedural - Artificial Intelligence - String processing - Domain Specific - Scripting - Systems - Visual - Esoteric, etc.

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
	ii. Explain the characteristics of High Level Programming Languages: Requires translation into machine language Portable Easier to read, write and maintain as commands are similar to English Use data types and data structures, selection statements and repetition/iteration constructs Use logic operators and functions that are built into the language. Programmers friendly Easy to code, debug and maintain iii. Define translators and its two basic types: Interpreters Compilers
3. Algorithm and Flowcharts	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Definitions	Define Algorithm and Flowchart State functions of algorithms: They are used to
(b) Functions of Algorithm	perform:
(c) Properties of Algorithm	- Calculations - Data Processing
(d) Flowchart symbols	- Automated reasoning etc. iii. State and explain the properties of Algorithm - Input specified - Output specified - Definiteness - Effectiveness - Finiteness etc. iv. Identify Flowchart symbols - Start - Input/Output - Process - Decision - Stop - loop - Continuation - etc. v. Draw Flowchart of a given programming - problem
4. Programming Language Structure	Candidates should be able to: i. Identify features/syntax of a programming
(a) Basic Statements	language - Keywords

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
(b) Arithmetic/string operators	- Variable types - Constants/literals
(c) Subunits	- Numeric - String/alphanumeric
	- Basic characteristics of the language
(d) Primitive and non-primitive data	ii. Basic statements of a high-level programming language
	- Input
	- Output
	- Processing - Comments
	- Subunits (Functions, Procedure, Methods, Subroutines etc.)
	- Statements (Iteration/Loop,
	Conditional, Assignment, Dimension,
	etc.)
	iii. Arithmetic operators and expressions
	iv. String operators and expressions
	v. Built in functions
	vi. Primitive data (Integer, float, Boolean,
	character, etc.)
	vii. Non-Primitive Data Types (Arrays, classes, string, etc.)
	viii. Complex data structures (Trees, graphs,
	linked lists, objects etc.)
5. Program Development	Candidates should be able to:
(a) Definition	i. Define a program
# S # # 1 * 1 * 1 * 1	ii. List characteristics of a good program
(b) Characteristics of programs	- Accuracy
(a) Proceedings	- Readability
(c) Precautions	- Maintainability - Efficiency
(d) Steps involved in developing program	- Generality
(a) Steps involves in severoping program	- Clarity
	etc.
	etc. iii. State the precautions required in the
	iii. State the precautions required in the
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc.
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition - Problem analysis
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition - Problem analysis - Design (Flow charting/ algorithm)
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition - Problem analysis - Design (Flow charting/ algorithm) development
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition - Problem analysis - Design (Flow charting/ algorithm) development - Program coding
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition - Problem analysis - Design (Flow charting/ algorithm) development - Program coding - Program compilation
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition - Problem analysis - Design (Flow charting/ algorithm) development - Program coding - Program compilation - Program testing/debugging
	iii. State the precautions required in the development of a program - Be stable, steady and patient - No step skipping - Follow order of execution etc. iv. Steps involved in program development - Problem definition - Problem analysis - Design (Flow charting/ algorithm) development - Program coding - Program compilation

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
	Interpreted program (BASIC, java, python) Compiled Program (COBOL, FORTRAN, C, C++, Java etc.)
6. System Development Life Cycle (SDLC)	Candidates should be able to:
	i. Define SDLC
(a) Definition of SDCL	ii. Describe SDLC
	iii. Explain stages in SDLC
(b) Stages of SDLC	- Preliminary study (Identification of the problem, Recognition of the Need) - Feasibility - Analysis - Design - Implementation (coding, testing, documentation and delivery) - Maintenance - Review iv. Draw diagram of a SDLC

SECTION H: Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1. Definition of AI	Candidates should be able to:
2. Branches of AI	Define AI Identify branches of AI
3. Applications of AI	In Intentity transcribes of AT - Machine Learning (supervised, unsupervised, reinforcement) - Neural Network - Expert Systems - Fuzzy Logic - Natural Language Processing - Deep Learning etc. iii. List Application Areas of AI - Robotics - E-Commerce - Navigation - Human Resource - Healthcare - Agriculture - Gaming - Automobiles - Social Media - Marketing, etc.

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
4. Fundamentals of Robotics	Candidates should be able to:
	Candidates should be able to: i. Define Robotics ii. Define Robots iii. Identify main components of Robots - Control system - Sensors - Actuators - Power Supply - End Effectors etc.
	Food Preparation Manufacturing Military Customer Service etc. vi. State advantages and disadvantages of using Robots

SECTION I: Computer Ethics and Human Issues

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
1. Ethical issues	Candidates should be able to:
a. Computer-related crime	Define computer-related crime. State examples of computer-related crime.
b. Responsibility for computer failure	(Compromising computer systems, hacking, theft, etc.)
c. Protection of computer property, records and software	List methods to prevent unauthorised use of computer system (user identification, Passwords etc.)
 Privacy of the company, workers and customers. 	iv. List methods to protect computer resources using both electronic and manual methods.

v. List methods to Protect privacy of individuals (workers, companies, customers, government etc.) by law and electronically. 7. Cyber risks and protection 8. Cyber risks and protection 8. Cyber risks and protection 8. Network security 9. Identify different types of computer security and their characteristics. 9. Network security 9. Internet security (cyber) 9. Application Security 9. Information security 9. End user security (Firewalls, antivirus software, encryption, etc.) 8. Identify categories of application threats and their characteristics (Input, authorisation, session management, parameter tampering, 9. Identify basic dimensions of Information Security (Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability (CIA)) 8. Mention Network security Issues (unauthorised, intrusion, rules and configurations that protect confidentiality, integrity and accessibility using both software and hardware.) 8. Mention Network security methods (antivirus software, application security, behavioural analytics, data loss prevention, email security, firewalls, mobile device security, network segmentation, security and event management (SEIM), Virtual Private Network (VPN), Web security, wireless security, Network Access
Control (NAC). xiii. List Types of cyber security threats (Cybercrime, cyber-attack, cyber terrorism, malware, virus, trojans, spyware, Ransomware, Adware, Botnets, SQL injection, Phishing, Man-in-the-middle attack, Denial of Service, Dridex, Romance scams, Emotet malware, xiv. List Cyber security safety tips - Regular update of software and operating systems - Use of anti-virus software - Use of strong passwords - Do not open email attachments from unknown senders

Candidates should be able to: i. List possible career paths in computing - Software Developer - Software Test Engineer
- Soliwate Fragmeer - Programme Analyst - System Developer - Web Developer - Software Development Engineer, - Computer System Analyst - Database Administrator - System Administrator - System Engineer - System Engineer - System Analyst - Network Engineer - Business Analyst - Program Manager - IT Specialist - Data Analyst/Scientist - AI and Robotics - System Security Analyst - Digital Forensic Analyst - Mobile App Developer - ICT Manager - Blogger - Blogger - E- Marketer

RECOMMENDED TEXTS

- A Textbook for Year 11 Computer Studies Bibhya Sharma, Shaveen Singh & Vijay Singh, Publisher: Technology and Employment Skills Training Ministry of Education, Fiji.
- Addan Emmanuel (2013). My Computer for Senior Secondary Schools 1, 2, 3 with Practical Training CD. Valueplus Publication Limited.
- Adebisi, A. J. (2013). Fundamentals of Computer Studies, Nigeria: Expert Consults, Available on https://www.researchgate.net/publication/258339295 FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTE R STUDIES
- Adedapo F. O. Mitchell A. S. and Agunbiade D. A. (Assessed on August 6, 2021): Online with Computer Senior Secondary 2; rasmedpublications.com
- Brookshear, J. G. (1991). Computer Science: An Overview. Benjamin-Cummings Publishing Co. Inc.
- Chiemeke Stella C., Souley Boukari, Olumide B. Longe (Assessed on August 6, 2021);
 Computer Studies for Senior Secondary Schools; University Press Plc., upssbookshop.com
- Doyle, S (1995). Computer Studies for You, USA: Nelson Thomas Ltd, 2nd Edition. Available at https://www.amazon.com/GCSC-Computer-Studies-You/dp/0748703810
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